

Introduction

Methodology

Results

GEOGRAPHICAL AND TEMPORAL VARIABILITY OF ZINC BIOAVAILABILITY: TOWARDS REGION BASED WATER QUALITY STANDARDS



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Water characterisitics determine bioavailability of zinc towards freshwater organisms and should therefore determine water quality standards...

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Daphnia magna

Daphnia magna

Daphnia magna

Differences in water characteristics should lead to different water quality standards

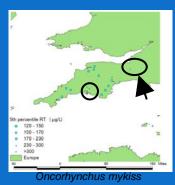
**Differences due to temporal variability...

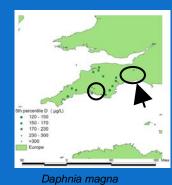
**Comparison of the comparison o

Biotic Ligand Model application in a Monte-Carlo approach for three species (fish, water flea and algae)

→cumulative probability distributions of the No Observed Effect Concentration for the modeled species on different locations in southern UK

Representing the 5th percentiles of these NOEC distributions through the GIS...







Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

..shows "less sensitive" spots for all three species (marked) and shows one location (arrow) where toxicity to trout and water flea is modified while toxicity to algae is magnified

Zn bioavailability is heavily influenced by temporal and geographical variability

→ 1 fixed water quality standard may not serve in all circumstances