



# Multi-criteria evaluation of control strategies in WWTP

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Neptune workshop: Technical Solutions for Nutrient and Micropollutants Removal in WWTPs  
Université Laval, Québec, March 25-26, 2010



## Overview

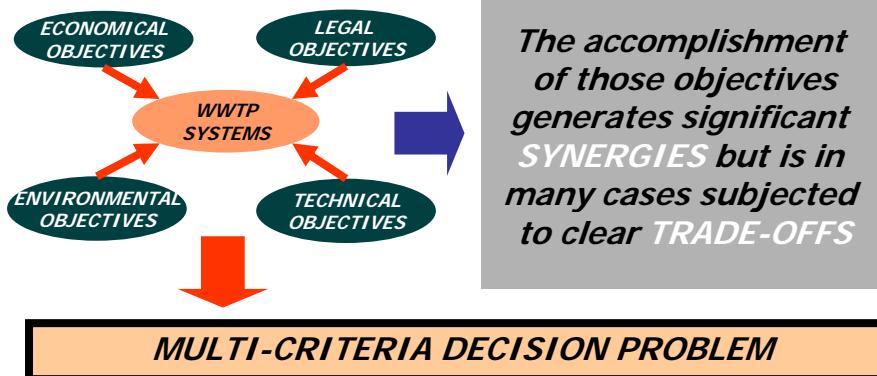
1. Introduction
2. Plant Layout, Control Strategies and Evaluation Criteria
3. Multivariate Analysis Results
4. Conclusions

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## 1. Introduction

*Evaluation of control strategies on a WWTP is a COMPLEX activity due to the LARGE number of OBJECTIVES that have to be taken into account*



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## 1. Introduction

*The result is a huge and complex evaluation matrix*

*Nevertheless this process could be improved with*

*WHICH IS OFTEN DIFFICULT TO INTERPRET, HENCE DIFFICULT TO DRAW MEANINGFUL CONCLUSIONS*

*Efficient tools to discover groups of control strategies*

*Facilitating the interpretation of the complex interactions amongst multiple criteria*

*Identifying the main features of a specific control or a group of control strategies*

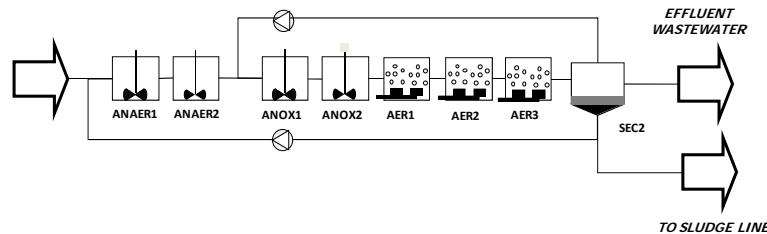
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## 2. Plant layout, control strategies and evaluation criteria

- A2O plant sized using Metcalf & Eddy design guidelines



- The influent profile has been generated using **phenomenological models** including daily, weekly and seasonal variation
- The EAWAG **ASM3 bio P** and the **double exponential velocity** function of Takács are the main process models



## 2. Plant layout, control strategies and evaluation criteria

controller	Measured Variable	Manipulated Variable	Control algorithm	Initial value
DO controller	SO in AER	$k_{La}$ (airflow)	PI	$2 \text{ g m}^{-3}$
SNH controller	SNH in AER	DO setpoint	Cascaded PI	$2 \text{ g m}^{-3}$
SNO controller	SNO in ANOX	Qintr	PI	$1 \text{ g m}^{-3}$
SNO controller	SNO in ANOX	Qcarb	PI	$1 \text{ g m}^{-3}$
TSS controller	TSS in AER	Qwaste	cascaded PI	If $T > 15 \text{ C}$ $2500 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ If $T < 15 \text{ C}$ $3500 \text{ g m}^{-3}$
SPO controller	SPO in AER	Qmetal	PI	$2 \text{ g m}^{-3}$
OUR controller	OUR in AER	DO setpoint	Cascaded ON/OFF	$1850 \text{ g m}^{-3}\text{d}^{-1}$

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## 2. Plant layout, control strategies and evaluation criteria

- Effluent quality index (EQI)

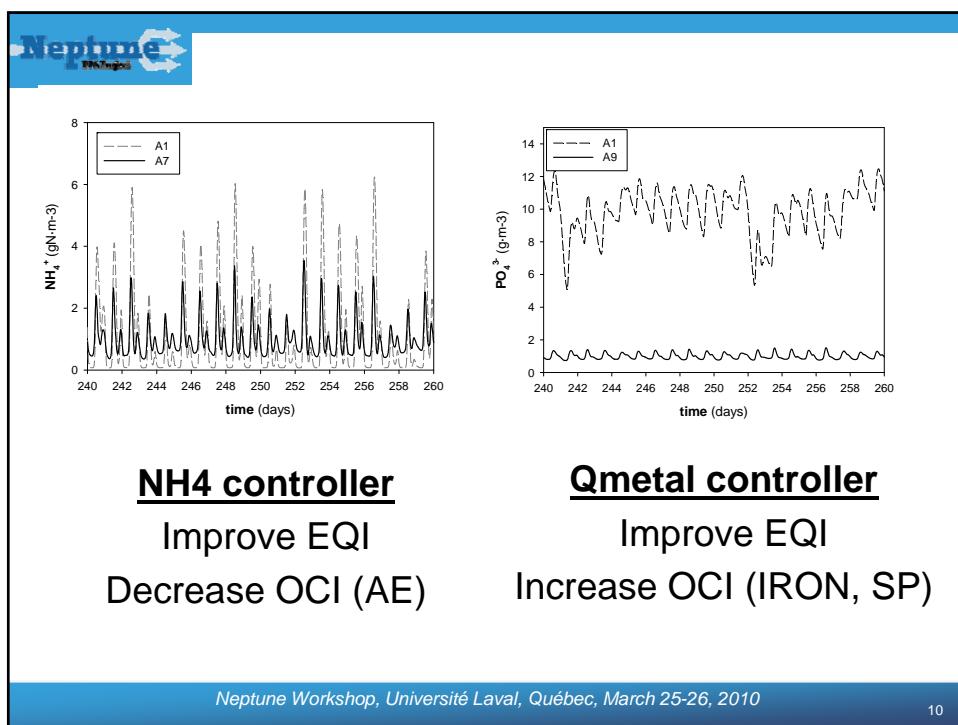
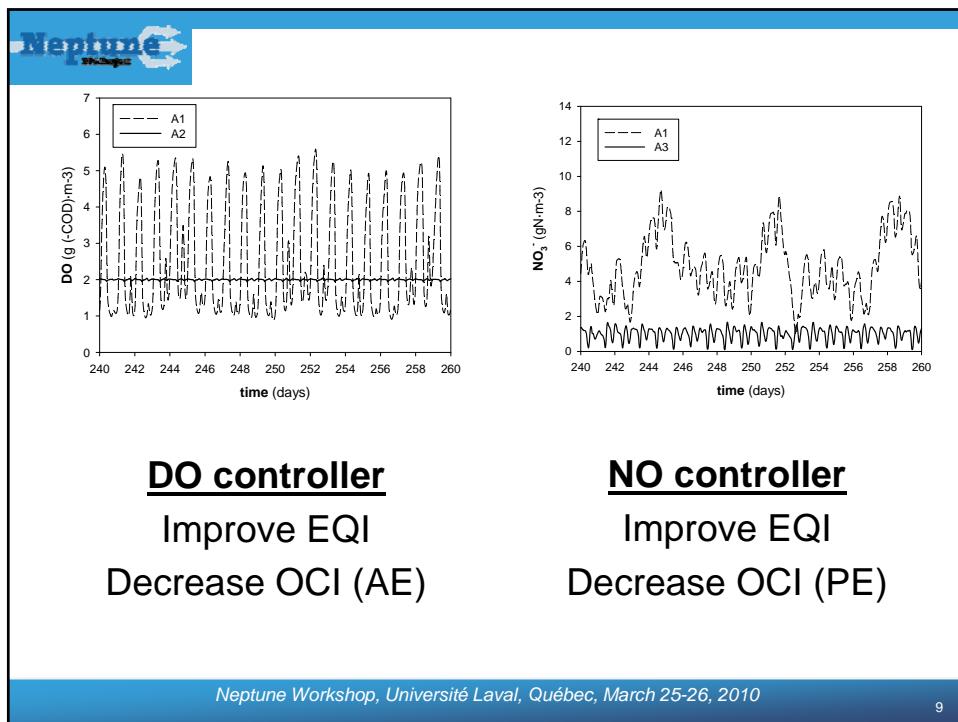
$$EQI = \frac{1}{t \cdot 1000} \int_{to}^{tf} (PU_{TSS} + PU_{BOD} + PU_{COD} + PU_{TKN} + PU_{NO} + PU_{TP}) \cdot Q \cdot dt$$

- Operational cost index (OCI)

$$OCI = SP + AE + PE + ME + CHEM$$

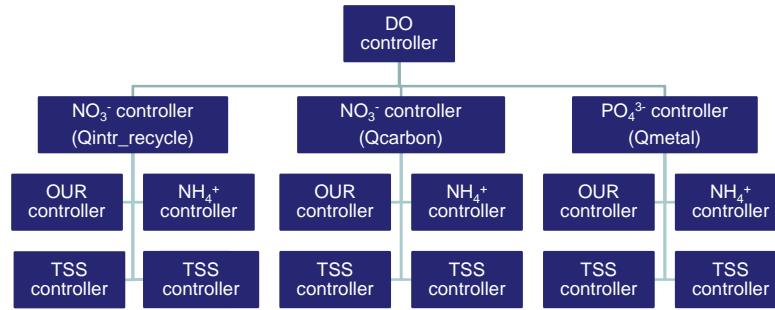
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## 2. Plant layout, control strategies and evaluation criteria



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## 2. Plant layout, control strategies and evaluation criteria

What happens when the evaluation procedure is upgraded with addditional 24 criteria? i.e. technical, environmental, legal.....

	DO	DOQ	DOQ+NH4+	DOQ+TSS	DOQc	DOQ+NH4+	DOQ+TSS	DOQm	DOQ+NH4+	DOQ+TSS	DO+Q	DO+Q+NH4+	DO+Q+TSS	DO+Qm	DO+Q+NH4+	DO+Q+TSS		
T0New	3.40	3.18	2.87	2.98	3.07	3.37	3.39	4.05	3.18	3.12	3.36	2.87	2.89	3.35	4.64	3.29	3.86	
T1New	13.19	12.99	11.71	11.48	11.26	9.25	8.86	9.44	12.88	11.94	11.87	12.42	12.61	9.27	10.15	12.37	12.74	
T2New	9.47	9.48	9.09	8.15	8.02	5.73	5.31	5.84	1.20	1.19	1.19	1.00	1.00	8.88	5.77	5.58	1.19	1.18
SP0New	9.27	9.29	8.89	7.95	7.82	5.46	5.06	5.64	1.01	1.01	1.00	8.86	8.66	5.53	5.38	1.00	0.99	
TC00New	55.07	55.09	54.98	54.93	55.44	58.56	58.56	59.11	55.07	54.20	54.24	54.42	54.37	55.77	58.49	55.10	54.22	54.45
BO00New	1.58	1.59	1.60	1.67	1.68	2.27	2.40	1.93	1.51	1.57	1.58	1.62	1.58	2.26	1.93	1.54	1.53	
XTSSnew	16.02	16.03	16.12	16.40	16.99	20.33	21.07	16.99	16.60	16.75	16.98	16.19	16.94	20.27	16.95	16.69	16.98	
EO	1480.04	1398.00	1342.00	1259.00	1109.00	1077.00	1106.00	213.90	794.30	8164.60	13235.00	13402.00	11113.00	11312.00	8150.40	8526.10		
TSSproductivity	2558.63	2364.70	2644.60	2725.30	2686.70	3311.00	3332.70	3364.83	2813.70	2879.50	2880.50	2615.50	2534.33	3297.50	3450.60	2651.20	2837.80	
arenergy	3844.73	3538.00	3537.70	3222.10	3193.50	4364.40	3942.80	3795.43	3556.50	3867.60	3334.00	3913.20	3575.03	4334.90	4131.10	3473.10	3471.90	
pumpenergy	632.85	632.85	349.88	386.37	399.29	632.80	632.80	635.69	632.80	632.80	622.83	356.24	351.01	632.80	636.16	632.80	632.61	
metamass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3949.30	3615.90	3550.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	3766.40	3702.20		
carbonmass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1785.50	1509.60	1184.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	2324.20	2099.00	0.00	0.00			
mixenergyprod	600.19	600.19	600.19	601.10	601.17	600.19	600.62	600.88	600.19	601.37	601.42	637.68	630.73	607.73	610.72	655.82	648.00	
OC	12754.00	12465.00	12920.00	12386.00	20988.00	19703.00	18811.00	1937.00	18564.00	18558.00	12714.00	12489.00	22793.00	22376.00	19269.00	19128.00		
Nitrelation	7.53	4.59	5.84	6.13	0.58	0.90	3.13	4.03	5.95	7.34	6.47	0.60	6.18	2.53	6.18			
ODrelation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	1.28	1.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	1.24	0.00	0.00		
SHrelation	20.04	16.21	12.97	9.10	10.19	22.64	11.80	22.62	16.83	11.94	15.51	12.54	13.43	16.03	30.14	17.20	22.92	
TSSrelation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	2.15	2.67	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11	1.96	0.08	0.00	0.10	
BODrelation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	2.87	3.66	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.11	2.81	0.31	0.00	0.10	
Prelation	100.03	100.03	100.00	99.89	99.88	83.82	83.31	90.38	0.00	1.15	1.88	100.00	100.00	84.95	84.41	0.57	2.12	
NotNDBulking	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
NotLowDOBulking	0.53	0.51	0.50	0.56	0.55	0.39	0.45	0.46	0.51	0.54	0.53	0.48	0.47	0.43	0.47	0.49		
NotLowFolBulking	0.71	0.71	0.72	0.75	0.71	0.70	0.73	0.71	0.71	0.73	0.74	0.72	0.74	0.66	0.65	0.72		

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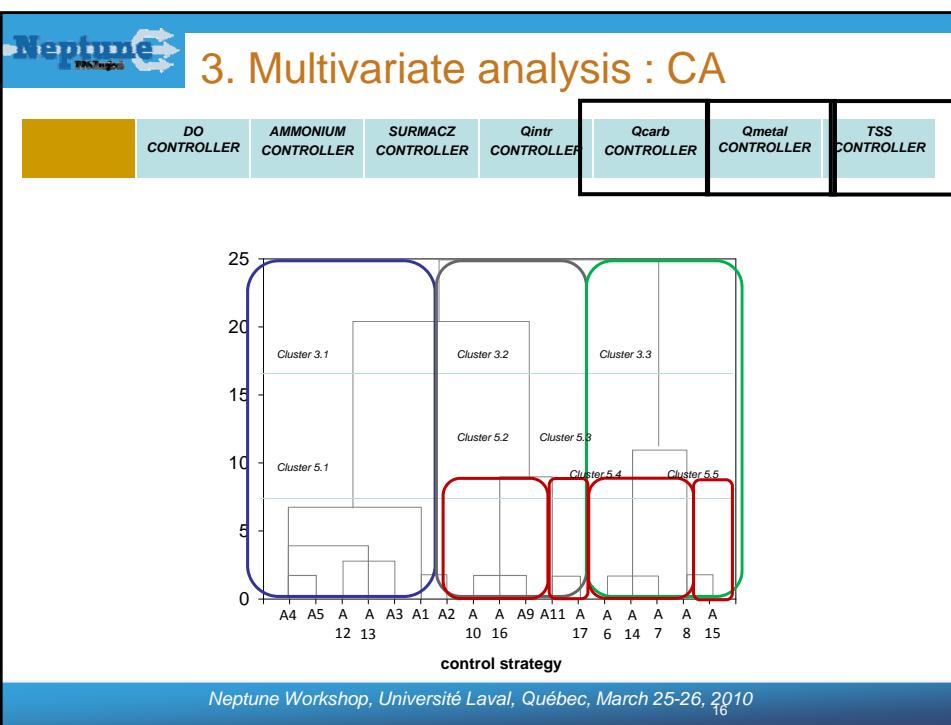
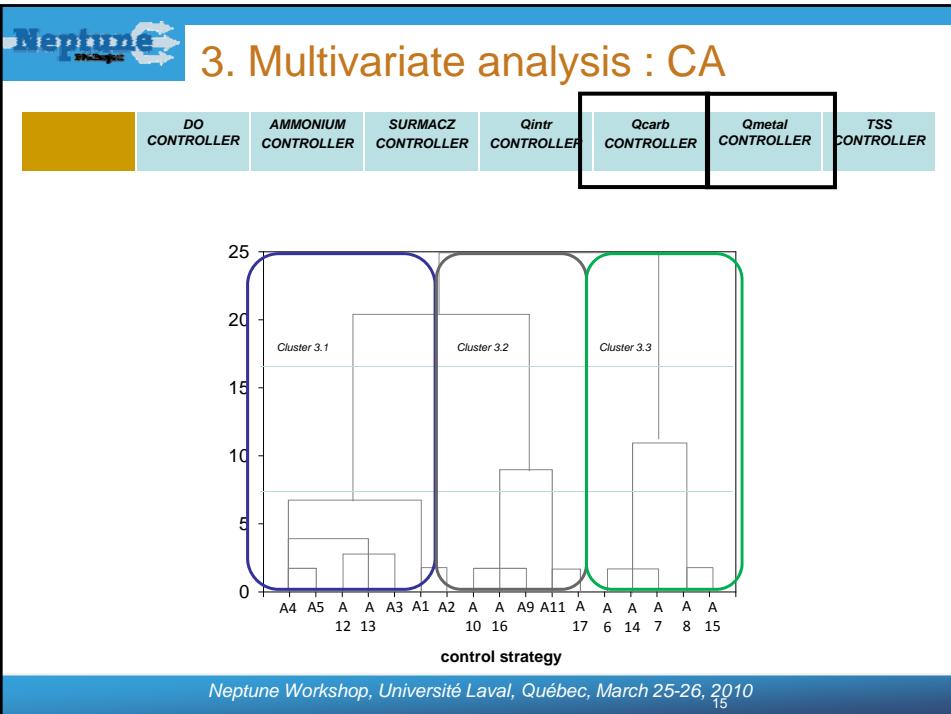


## 3. Multivariate analysis

- **Cluster analysis (CA)** : determine groups of control strategies with similar behaviour
- **Principal component analysis (PCA):** find hidden casual and complex relationships amongst data
- **Discriminant analysis (DA)** : identifies the most discriminant variables with the groups of controller identified by CA

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### 3. Multivariate analysis : PCA

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)  
 Total Nitrogen (TN)  
 Total Phosphate (SPO4)  
 Total Phosphorus concentration (TP)  
 Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)  
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5)  
 Total Suspended Solids (TSS)  
 Effluent Quality Index (EQI)  
 Sludge Production (Psludge)  
 Aeration Energy (AE)  
 Pumping Energy (PE)  
 Metal Salt Addition (MS)  
 External Carbon Source (CS)  
 Mixing Energy (ME)  
 OCI  
 Nviolation ( $L = 18 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ )  
 CODviolation ( $L = 100 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ )  
 SNHviolation ( $L = 4 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ )  
 TSSviolation ( $L = 30 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ )  
 BOD5violation ( $L = 20 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ )  
 Pviolation ( $L = 2 \text{ g m}^{-3}$ )  
 N deficiency bulking  
 DO deficiency bulking  
 Low FMbulking

**4 PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ARE EXTRACTED EXPLAINING 94 % OF THE TOTAL VARIABILITY**

**FIRST PC CORRELATES** correlates effluent nitrogen negatively with external carbon source, aeration energy and sludge production

**SECOND PC HIGHLIGHTS** that only with the addition of metal low concentrations of P can be achieved

**THIRD PC IS ASSOCIATED** with high effluent ammonia values

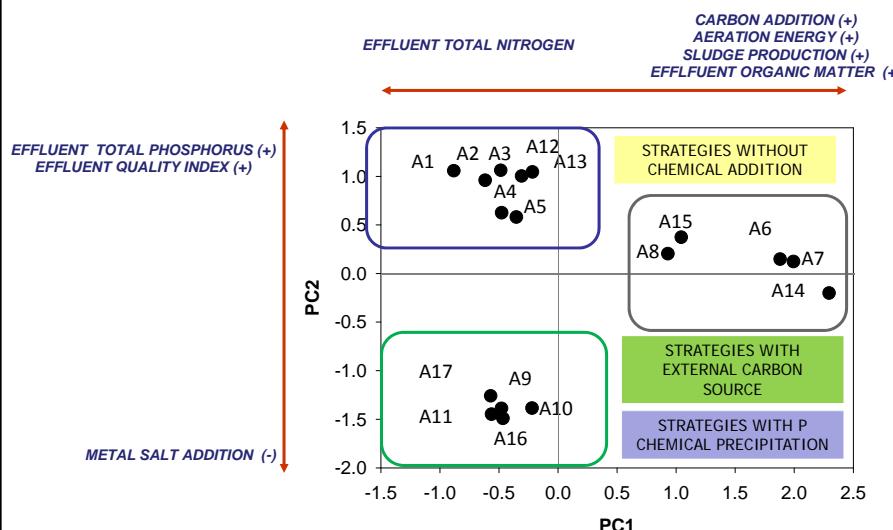
**FOURTH PC IS ASSOCIATED** with high mixing energy values

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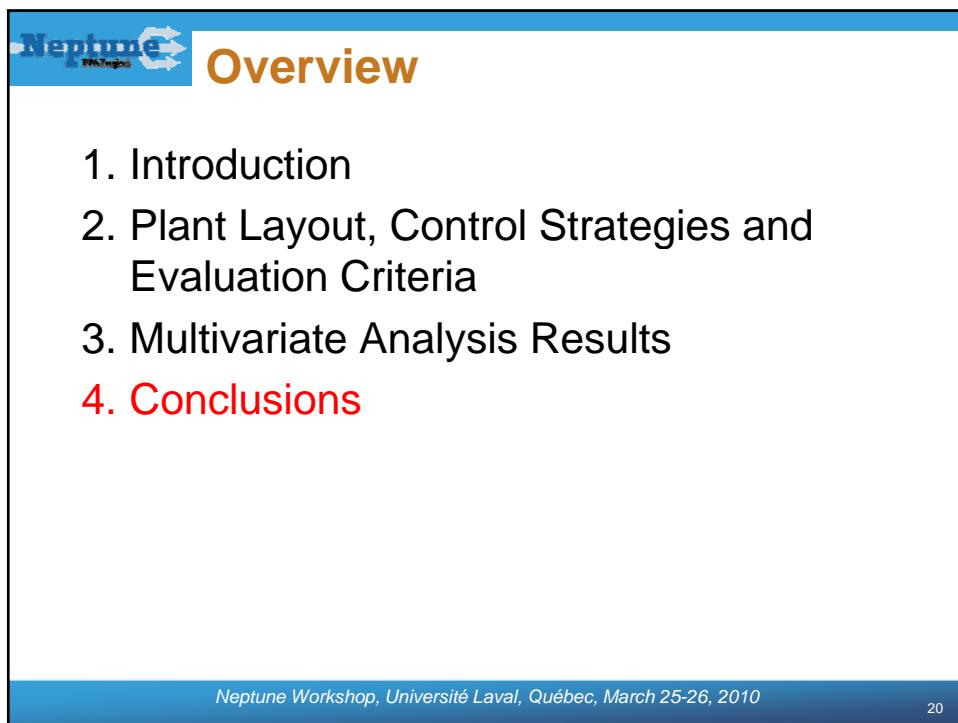
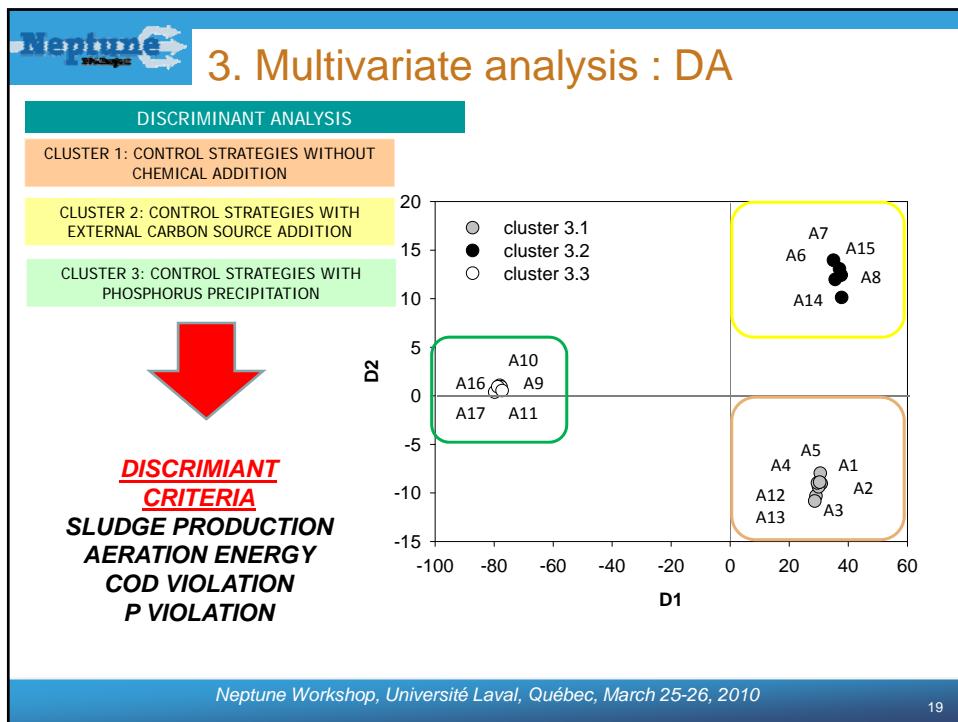


### 3. Multivariate analysis : PCA



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## 4. Conclusions

- Control improve the overall performance of WWTP. Some of the presented controllers improve effluent quality, reduce operation costs or increase technical reliability
- There are complex interactions between the different criteria used to evaluate the presented controllers
- Multi-criteria/Multi-variable techniques are straightforward when characterizing control strategies

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## 4. Conclusions

- Cluster analysis rendered five groups of control strategies and identified similar patterns in the controls strategies with and without chemical addition and/or TSS controller
- Principal component analysis reduced the complex evaluation matrix (24 criteria) to 4 variables. PCA also identified their main synergies and trade-offs.
- Discriminant analysis identified that only a small set of criteria create big differences between the groups created by CA

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